Completed by County Counselor's Office			
Action Requested:	Resolution	Res.Ord No.:	21226
Sponsor(s):	Manuel Abarca IV	Legislature Meeting Date:	4/3/2023

### Introduction

Action Items: ['Authorize', 'Courtesy']

Project/Title:

Expressing Support for Equitable Property Taxes

### **Request Summary**

A resolution expressing support for Senate Bills: SJR21 & SB190 and bills alike that protect vulnerable communities against inequitable increases in property taxes. Expressing support for an equitable taxing structure that protects disadvantaged communities, specifically elderly populations who live off of a "fixed" income that is made up of but not limited to residents whose only source of income is Social Security, Pensions, Disability etc.

Additionally, working-class people and traditionally disadvantaged communities should have access to fair and practical assessment and tax practices.

Jackson County residents should not be pushed out of the county that they chose to live in, communities should have the right to age in place, and legislation like SJR21 & SB190 lay out specific policies that allow for protections for our most vulnerable communities.

Contact Information			
Department:	County Legislature	Submitted Date:	3/28/2023
Name:	Rebeca Amezcua-Hogan	Email:	RAmezcua-
			Hogan@jacksongov.org
Title:	Legislative Aide	Phone:	816-881-3466

Budget Information	
Amount authorized by this legislation this fiscal year:	\$ 0
Amount previously authorized this fiscal year:	\$ 0
Total amount authorized after this legislative action:	\$

# **Request for Legislative Action**

Is it transferring fund?			No
Single Source Funding:			
Fund:	Department:	Line Item Account:	Amount:
			Unexpected End of
			Formula

Prior Legislation	
Prior Ordinances	
Ordinance:	Ordinance date:
Prior Resolution	
Resolution:	Resolution date:

Purchasing	
Does this RLA include the purchase or lease of	No
supplies, materials, equipment or services?	
Chapter 10 Justification:	
Core 4 Tax Clearance Completed:	
Certificate of Foreign Corporation Received:	
Have all required attachments been included in	
this RLA?	

Compliance	
Certificate of Compliance	
Not Applicable	
Minority, Women and Ve	teran Owned Business Program
Goals Not Applicable for f	ollowing reason: Not spending money
MBE:	.00%
WBE:	.00%
VBE:	.00%
Prevailing Wage	
Not Applicable	

## **Fiscal Information**

• This legislative action does not impact the County financially and does not require Finance/Budget approval.

## History

Submitted by County Legislature requestor: Rebeca Amezcua-Hogan on 3/28/2023. Comments:

Approved by Department Approver Lisa Honn on 3/29/2023 8:27:20 AM. Comments: Approving for Mary Jo Spino due to a technical issue.

Not applicable by Purchasing Office Approver Craig A. Reich on 3/29/2023 10:40:47 AM. Comments:

Approved by Compliance Office Approver Jaime Guillen on 3/29/2023 10:47:23 AM. Comments:

Approved by Budget Office Approver David B. Moyer on 3/29/2023 11:21:57 AM. Comments:

Approved by Executive Office Approver Lisa Honn on 3/31/2023 10:35:31 AM. Comments: Approving on behalf Troy Schulte due to technical issue.

Approved by Counselor's Office Approver Katherine Henry on 3/31/2023 11:42:50 AM. Comments:

### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

### [PERFECTED]

# **SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 21**

### **102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR ROBERTS.

0678S.01P

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

# JOINT RESOLUTION

Submitting to the qualified voters of Missouri, an amendment to article X of the Constitution of Missouri, by adding thereto one new section relating to property tax assessments for certain seniors.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein:

That at the next general election to be held in the state of Missouri, on Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, 2024, or at a special election to be called by the governor for that purpose, there is hereby submitted to the qualified voters of this state, for adoption or rejection, the following amendment to article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri:

Section A. Article X, Constitution of Missouri, is amended by adding thereto one new section, to be known as section 27, to read as follows:

Section 27. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of 2 section 3 and section 4(b) of this article to the contrary, beginning January 1, 2025, no individual shall be subject to 3 4 any increase in the assessed valuation of any residential 5 real property actually used by the individual as a primary 6 residence, provided that the county or city not within a 7 county in which such individual resides has approved such 8 exemption pursuant to subsection 2 of this section, and 9 further provided that the individual:

10

Is sixty-five years of age or older;

(2) Is liable for the payment of real property taxes
on the property; and

(3) Is an owner of record of the property or has a
legal or equitable interest in the property as evidenced by
a written instrument.

Any county or city not within a county may exempt 16 2. 17 all individuals in such county or city not within a county 18 that meet the criteria described in subsection 1 of this section from all otherwise valid increases in the assessed 19 20 valuation of the individual's residential real property, provided that the governing body of the county or city not 21 within a county approves such an exemption through passage 22 23 of an ordinance.

3. In addition to the requirements to receive a property tax exemption provided in subsection 1 of this section, a county or city not within a county may also require that a taxpayer meet certain income requirements, provided that such requirements are included in the exemption approved pursuant to subsection 2 of this section.

Section B. Pursuant to chapter 116, and other applicable constitutional provisions and laws of this state allowing the general assembly to adopt ballot language for the submission of this joint resolution to the voters of this state, the official summary statement of this resolution shall be as follows:

7 "Shall the Missouri Constitution be amended to
8 allow counties to freeze property tax
9 assessments for certain seniors?"

 $\checkmark$ 

#### FIRST REGULAR SESSION

# **SENATE BILL NO. 190**

**102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY** 

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR LUETKEMEYER.

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

# AN ACT

To repeal section 137.115, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to property tax assessments.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 137.115, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 137.115, to read as follows:

137.115. 1. All other laws to the contrary 2 notwithstanding, the assessor or the assessor's deputies in 3 all counties of this state including the City of St. Louis 4 shall annually make a list of all real and tangible personal 5 property taxable in the assessor's city, county, town or 6 district. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of 7 this section and section 137.078, the assessor shall 8 annually assess all personal property at thirty-three and 9 one-third percent of its true value in money as of January 10 first of each calendar year. The assessor shall annually assess all real property, including any new construction and 11 12 improvements to real property, and possessory interests in 13 real property at the percent of its true value in money set in subsection 5 of this section. The true value in money of 14 15 any possessory interest in real property in subclass (3), 16 where such real property is on or lies within the ultimate 17 airport boundary as shown by a federal airport layout plan, as defined by 14 CFR 151.5, of a commercial airport having a 18

0058S.01I

19 FAR Part 139 certification and owned by a political 20 subdivision, shall be the otherwise applicable true value in 21 money of any such possessory interest in real property, less the total dollar amount of costs paid by a party, other than 22 the political subdivision, towards any new construction or 23 improvements on such real property completed after January 24 25 1, 2008, and which are included in the above-mentioned possessory interest, regardless of the year in which such 26 costs were incurred or whether such costs were considered in 27 28 any prior year. The assessor shall annually assess all real property in the following manner: new assessed values shall 29 be determined as of January first of each odd-numbered year 30 and shall be entered in the assessor's books; those same 31 assessed values shall apply in the following even-numbered 32 year, except for new construction and property improvements 33 which shall be valued as though they had been completed as 34 35 of January first of the preceding odd-numbered year, provided that no real residential property shall be assessed 36

at a value that exceeds the previous assessed value for such 37 property, exclusive of new construction and improvements, by 38 39 more than the percentage increase in the consumer price index or ten percent, whichever is greater. 40 The assessor may call at the office, place of doing business, or 41 42 residence of each person required by this chapter to list property, and require the person to make a correct statement 43 44 of all taxable tangible personal property owned by the 45 person or under his or her care, charge or management, taxable in the county. On or before January first of each 46 47 even-numbered year, the assessor shall prepare and submit a two-year assessment maintenance plan to the county governing 48 body and the state tax commission for their respective 49 approval or modification. The county governing body shall 50

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51 approve and forward such plan or its alternative to the plan 52 to the state tax commission by February first. If the 53 county governing body fails to forward the plan or its alternative to the plan to the state tax commission by 54 55 February first, the assessor's plan shall be considered approved by the county governing body. If the state tax 56 57 commission fails to approve a plan and if the state tax 58 commission and the assessor and the governing body of the county involved are unable to resolve the differences, in 59 60 order to receive state cost-share funds outlined in section 137.750, the county or the assessor shall petition the 61 administrative hearing commission, by May first, to decide 62 63 all matters in dispute regarding the assessment maintenance plan. Upon agreement of the parties, the matter may be 64 stayed while the parties proceed with mediation or 65 arbitration upon terms agreed to by the parties. The final 66 decision of the administrative hearing commission shall be 67 68 subject to judicial review in the circuit court of the 69 county involved. In the event a valuation of subclass (1) 70 real property within any county with a charter form of government, or within a city not within a county, is made by 71 72 a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program, the burden of proof, supported by clear, convincing and 73 74 cogent evidence to sustain such valuation, shall be on the assessor at any hearing or appeal. In any such county, 75 76 unless the assessor proves otherwise, there shall be a 77 presumption that the assessment was made by a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program. 78 Such evidence shall include, but shall not be limited to, the 79 80 following:

81 (1) The findings of the assessor based on an appraisal
82 of the property by generally accepted appraisal techniques;
83 and

84 (2) The purchase prices from sales of at least three
85 comparable properties and the address or location thereof.
86 As used in this subdivision, the word "comparable" means
87 that:

88 (a) Such sale was closed at a date relevant to the89 property valuation; and

90 (b) Such properties are not more than one mile from the site of the disputed property, except where no similar 91 properties exist within one mile of the disputed property, 92 93 the nearest comparable property shall be used. Such property shall be within five hundred square feet in size of 94 the disputed property, and resemble the disputed property in 95 age, floor plan, number of rooms, and other relevant 96 97 characteristics.

98 2. Assessors in each county of this state and the City
99 of St. Louis may send personal property assessment forms
100 through the mail.

101 3. The following items of personal property shall each 102 constitute separate subclasses of tangible personal property 103 and shall be assessed and valued for the purposes of 104 taxation at the following percentages of their true value in 105 money:

106 (1) Grain and other agricultural crops in an107 unmanufactured condition, one-half of one percent;

108

(2) Livestock, twelve percent;

- 109
- Hivebeeek, ewerve percent,
- (3) Farm machinery, twelve percent;

110 (4) Motor vehicles which are eligible for registration 111 as and are registered as historic motor vehicles pursuant to 112 section 301.131 and aircraft which are at least twenty-five

113 years old and which are used solely for noncommercial 114 purposes and are operated less than two hundred hours per 115 year or aircraft that are home built from a kit, five 116 percent;

117

(5) Poultry, twelve percent; and

(6) Tools and equipment used for pollution control and
tools and equipment used in retooling for the purpose of
introducing new product lines or used for making
improvements to existing products by any company which is
located in a state enterprise zone and which is identified
by any standard industrial classification number cited in
subdivision (7) of section 135.200, twenty-five percent.

4. The person listing the property shall enter a true
and correct statement of the property, in a printed blank
prepared for that purpose. The statement, after being
filled out, shall be signed and either affirmed or sworn to
as provided in section 137.155. The list shall then be
delivered to the assessor.

5. (1) All subclasses of real property, as such
subclasses are established in Section 4(b) of Article X of
the Missouri Constitution and defined in section 137.016,
shall be assessed at the following percentages of true value:

(a) For real property in subclass (1), nineteenpercent;

137 (b) For real property in subclass (2), twelve percent;138 and

(c) For real property in subclass (3), thirty-twopercent.

(2) A taxpayer may apply to the county assessor, or,
if not located within a county, then the assessor of such
city, for the reclassification of such taxpayer's real
property if the use or purpose of such real property is

145 changed after such property is assessed under the provisions 146 of this chapter. If the assessor determines that such 147 property shall be reclassified, he or she shall determine 148 the assessment under this subsection based on the percentage 149 of the tax year that such property was classified in each 150 subclassification.

6. Manufactured homes, as defined in section 700.010, 151 152 which are actually used as dwelling units shall be assessed at the same percentage of true value as residential real 153 154 property for the purpose of taxation. The percentage of 155 assessment of true value for such manufactured homes shall be the same as for residential real property. If the county 156 157 collector cannot identify or find the manufactured home when 158 attempting to attach the manufactured home for payment of 159 taxes owed by the manufactured home owner, the county 160 collector may request the county commission to have the 161 manufactured home removed from the tax books, and such request shall be granted within thirty days after the 162 163 request is made; however, the removal from the tax books does not remove the tax lien on the manufactured home if it 164 is later identified or found. For purposes of this section, 165 a manufactured home located in a manufactured home rental 166 park, rental community or on real estate not owned by the 167 168 manufactured home owner shall be considered personal 169 property. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home 170 located on real estate owned by the manufactured home owner 171 may be considered real property.

172 7. Each manufactured home assessed shall be considered
173 a parcel for the purpose of reimbursement pursuant to
174 section 137.750, unless the manufactured home is deemed to
175 be real estate as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015

176 and assessed as a realty improvement to the existing real 177 estate parcel.

178 8. Any amount of tax due and owing based on the 179 assessment of a manufactured home shall be included on the 180 personal property tax statement of the manufactured home 181 owner unless the manufactured home is deemed to be real estate as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015, in 182 183 which case the amount of tax due and owing on the assessment 184 of the manufactured home as a realty improvement to the 185 existing real estate parcel shall be included on the real 186 property tax statement of the real estate owner.

187 The assessor of each county and each city not 9. 188 within a county shall use the trade-in value published in 189 the October issue of the National Automobile Dealers' 190 Association Official Used Car Guide, or its successor publication, as the recommended guide of information for 191 192 determining the true value of motor vehicles described in such publication. The assessor shall not use a value that 193 194 is greater than the average trade-in value in determining 195 the true value of the motor vehicle without performing a 196 physical inspection of the motor vehicle. For vehicles two 197 years old or newer from a vehicle's model year, the assessor may use a value other than average without performing a 198 199 physical inspection of the motor vehicle. In the absence of 200 a listing for a particular motor vehicle in such 201 publication, the assessor shall use such information or 202 publications which in the assessor's judgment will fairly 203 estimate the true value in money of the motor vehicle.

204 10. Before the assessor may increase the assessed
205 valuation of any parcel of subclass (1) real property by
206 more than fifteen percent since the last assessment,
207 excluding increases due to new construction or improvements,

208 the assessor shall conduct a physical inspection of such 209 property.

210 11. If a physical inspection is required, pursuant to subsection 10 of this section, the assessor shall notify the 211 212 property owner of that fact in writing and shall provide the 213 owner clear written notice of the owner's rights relating to the physical inspection. If a physical inspection is 214 215 required, the property owner may request that an interior 216 inspection be performed during the physical inspection. The 217 owner shall have no less than thirty days to notify the 218 assessor of a request for an interior physical inspection.

219 12. A physical inspection, as required by subsection 220 10 of this section, shall include, but not be limited to, an 221 on-site personal observation and review of all exterior 222 portions of the land and any buildings and improvements to 223 which the inspector has or may reasonably and lawfully gain 224 external access, and shall include an observation and review of the interior of any buildings or improvements on the 225 226 property upon the timely request of the owner pursuant to subsection 11 of this section. Mere observation of the 227 property via a drive-by inspection or the like shall not be 228 229 considered sufficient to constitute a physical inspection as 230 required by this section.

231 13. A county or city collector may accept credit cards 232 as proper form of payment of outstanding property tax or 233 license due. No county or city collector may charge surcharge for payment by credit card which exceeds the fee 234 or surcharge charged by the credit card bank, processor, or 235 issuer for its service. A county or city collector may 236 237 accept payment by electronic transfers of funds in payment of any tax or license and charge the person making such 238

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payment a fee equal to the fee charged the county by thebank, processor, or issuer of such electronic payment.

9

241 14. Any county or city not within a county in this state may, by an affirmative vote of the governing body of 242 such county, opt out of the provisions of this section and 243 244 sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second 245 246 regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house 247 committee substitute for senate substitute for senate 248 committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year 249 250 of the general reassessment, prior to January first of any 251 year. No county or city not within a county shall exercise 252 this opt-out provision after implementing the provisions of 253 this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as 254 enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general 255 assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute 256 257 for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, in a 258 259 year of general reassessment. For the purposes of applying 260 the provisions of this subsection, a political subdivision contained within two or more counties where at least one of 261 262 such counties has opted out and at least one of such 263 counties has not opted out shall calculate a single tax rate 264 as in effect prior to the enactment of house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular 265 session. A governing body of a city not within a county or 266 a county that has opted out under the provisions of this 267 268 subsection may choose to implement the provisions of this 269 section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as 270 enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general

assembly, second regular session, and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of general reassessment, by an affirmative vote of the governing body prior to December thirty-first of any year.

278 15. The governing body of any city of the third 279 classification with more than twenty-six thousand three 280 hundred but fewer than twenty-six thousand seven hundred 281 inhabitants located in any county that has exercised its authority to opt out under subsection 14 of this section may 282 283 levy separate and differing tax rates for real and personal 284 property only if such city bills and collects its own 285 property taxes or satisfies the entire cost of the billing 286 and collection of such separate and differing tax rates. 287 Such separate and differing rates shall not exceed such city's tax rate ceiling. 288

289 16. Any portion of real property that is available as 290 reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for 291 purposes of excavation for future use or sale to others that 292 has not been bonded and permitted under chapter 444 shall be 293 assessed based upon how the real property is currently being 294 used. Any information provided to a county assessor, state tax commission, state agency, or political subdivision 295 296 responsible for the administration of tax policies shall, in the performance of its duties, make available all books, 297 records, and information requested, except such books, 298 records, and information as are by law declared confidential 299 300 in nature, including individually identifiable information 301 regarding a specific taxpayer or taxpayer's mine property. 302 For purposes of this subsection, "mine property" shall mean

303 all real property that is in use or readily available as a 304 reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for 305 purposes of excavation for current or future use or sale to 306 others that has been bonded and permitted under chapter 444.