JACKSON COUNTY LEGISLATURE COVID UPDATE

August 30, 2021





COVID-19 TRENDS

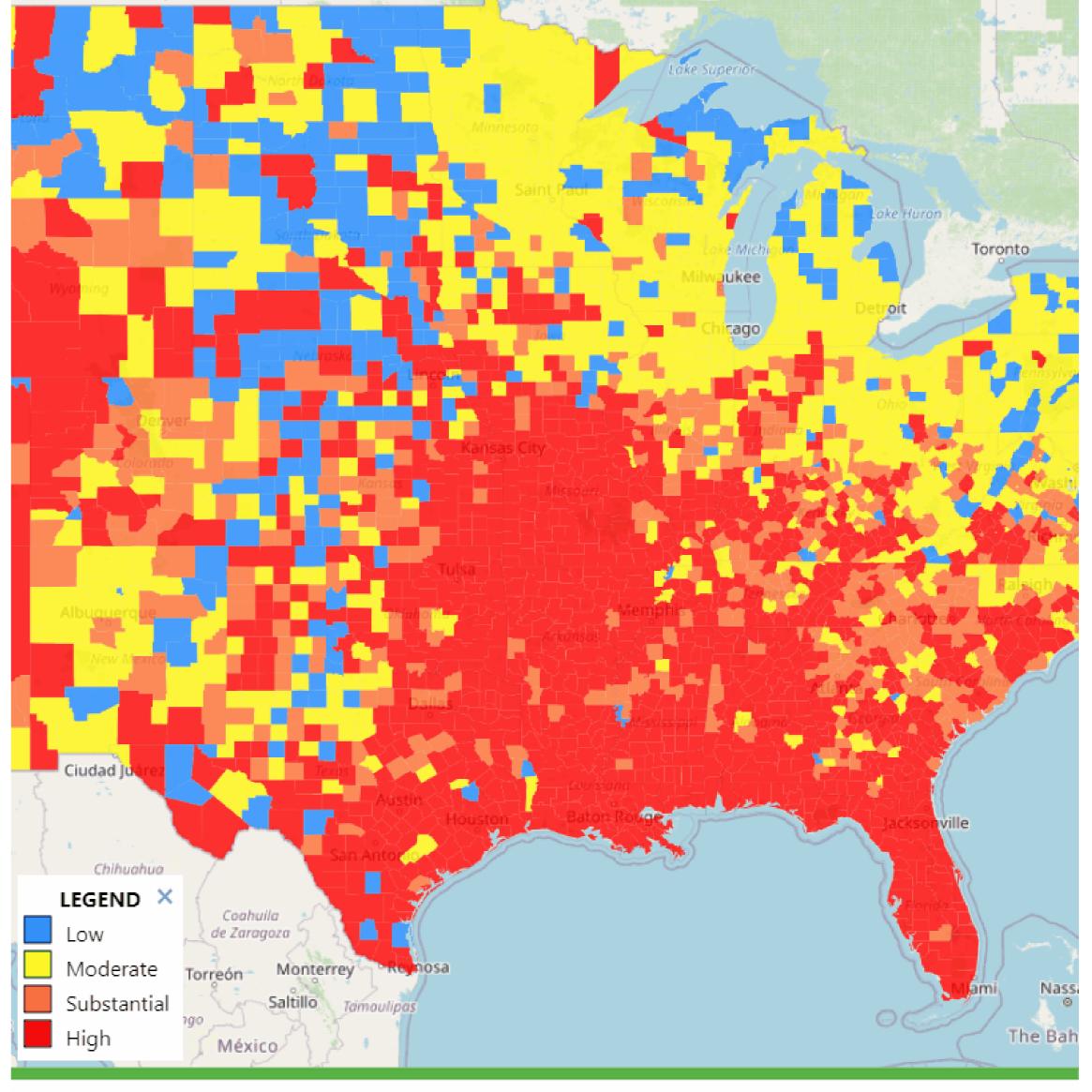


STATE WIDE

• 100% of Missouri Counties are currently experiencing "High" transmission levels per CDC classification.

| Indicator | Low Transmission (Blue) | Moderate Transmission (Yellow) | Substantial Transmission (Orange) | High Transmission (Red) |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Total new cases per 100,000 persons in the past 7 days | 0-9.99 | 10-49.99 | 50-99.99 309.37 per | >100,000 |
| Percentage of NAATs that are positive during the past 7 days | 0-4.99% | 5-7.99% | 8-9.99% | >10.0% 14.31% |



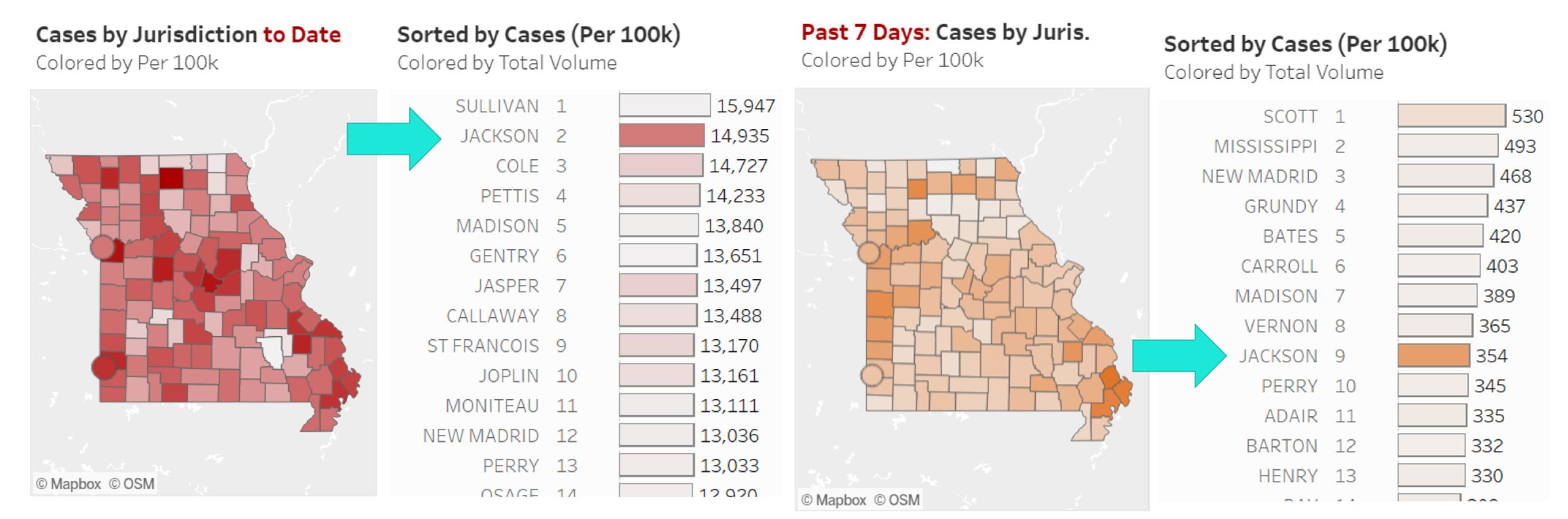






COVID-19 | PHASED PREVENTION | LEVELS OF COMMUNITY TRANSMISSION | ALL COUNTIES | 07/22/2021

Explore more data at ephtracking.cdc.gov/DataExplorer



As of August 25, 2021: https://health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/novel-coronavirus/data/public-health/county.php





CASES

7-Day Average Daily New Cases

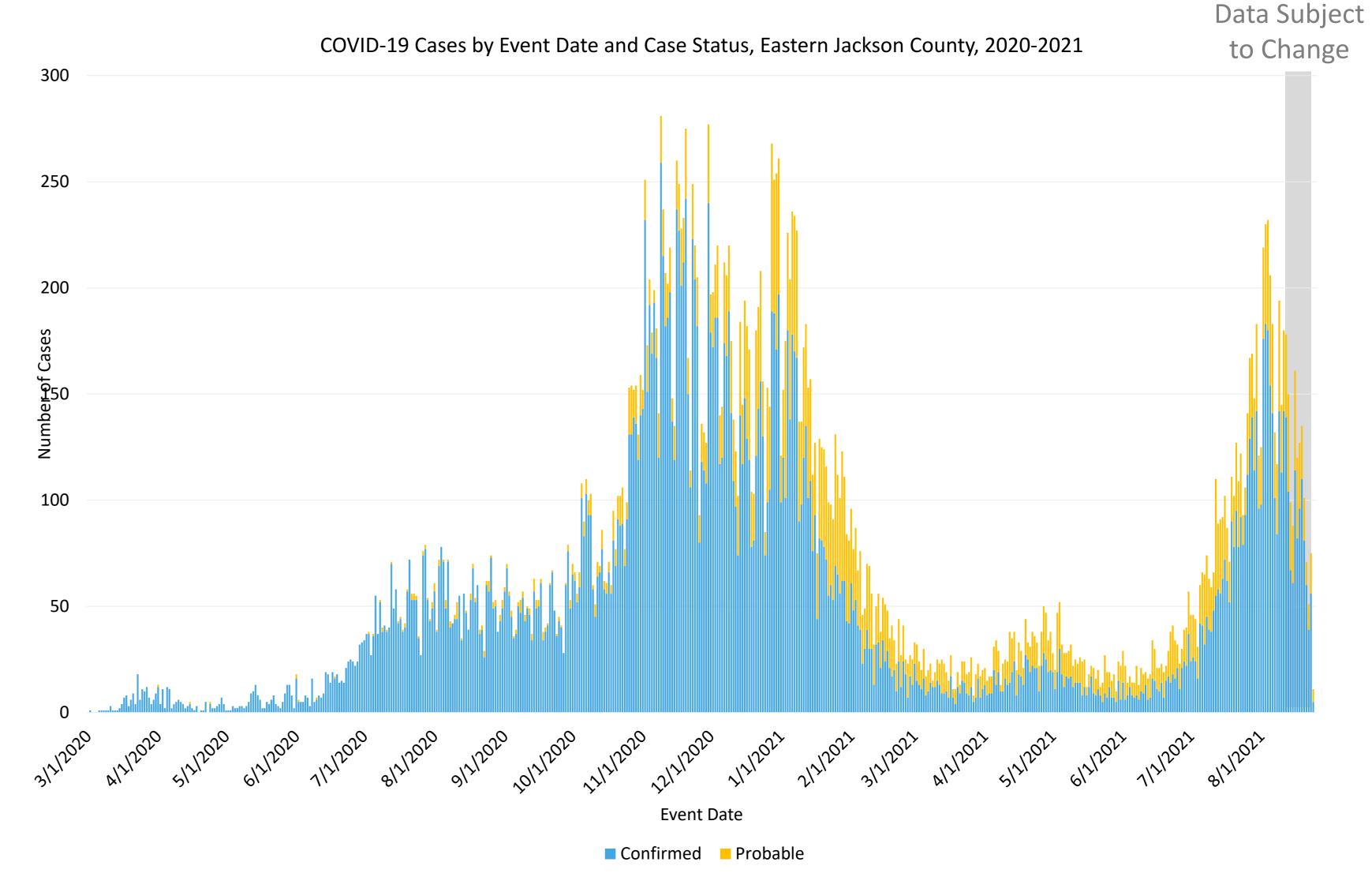
| Week | Average |
|------------|---------|
| Week 7/18 | 105.00 |
| Week 7/25 | 147.86 |
| Week 8/1 | 189.57 |
| Week 8/8 | 151.86 |
| Week 8/15* | 114.71* |

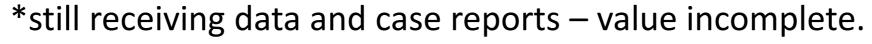
7-Day Case Rate per 100,000

| Week | Case Rate |
|------------|-----------|
| Week 7/18 | 271.44 |
| Week 7/25 | 381.93 |
| Week 8/1 | 492.42 |
| Week 8/8 | 396.66 |
| Week 8/15* | 309.37* |



Confirmed Cases: 27,576 Probable Cases: 7,347 Deaths: 431













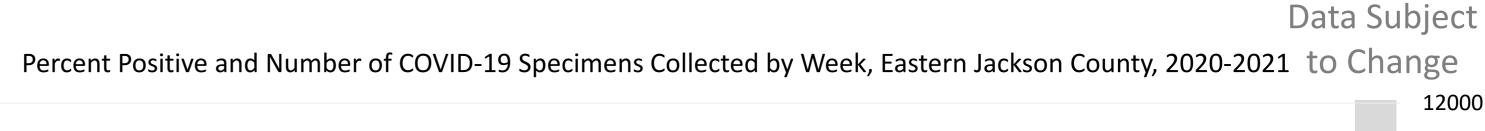
PERCENT POSITIVE

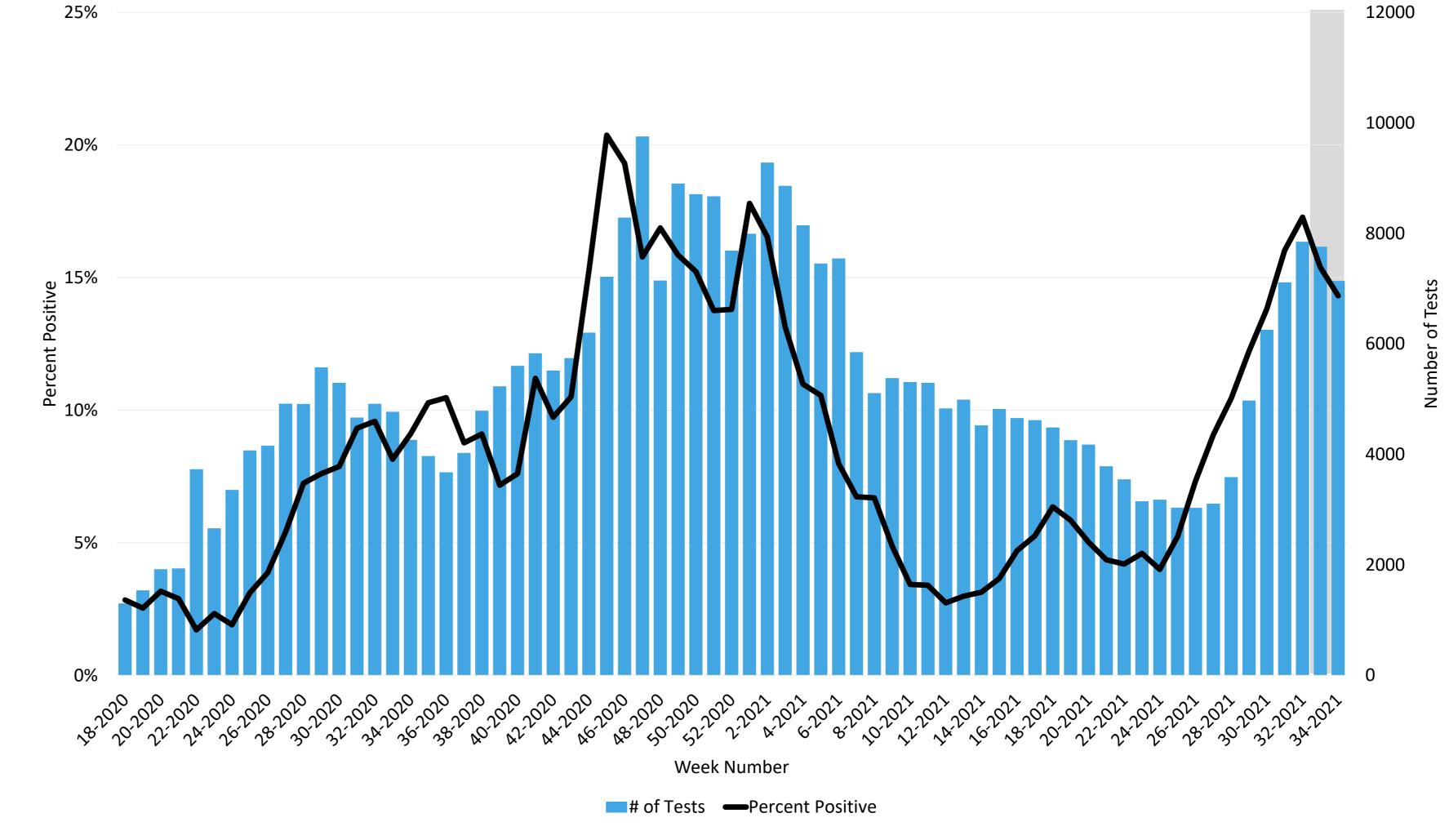
| # | Test | s Pe | r V | Veek |
|---|-------------|------|-----|------|
|---|-------------|------|-----|------|

| Week | Count |
|------------|--------|
| Week 7/18 | 6,256 |
| Week 7/25 | 7,113 |
| Week 8/1 | 7,849 |
| Week 8/8 | 7,760 |
| Week 8/15* | 7,140* |

Percent Positive

| Week | Count |
|------------|---------|
| Week 7/18 | 13.83% |
| Week 7/25 | 16.03% |
| Week 8/1 | 17.28% |
| Week 8/8 | 15.39% |
| Week 8/15* | 14.31%* |











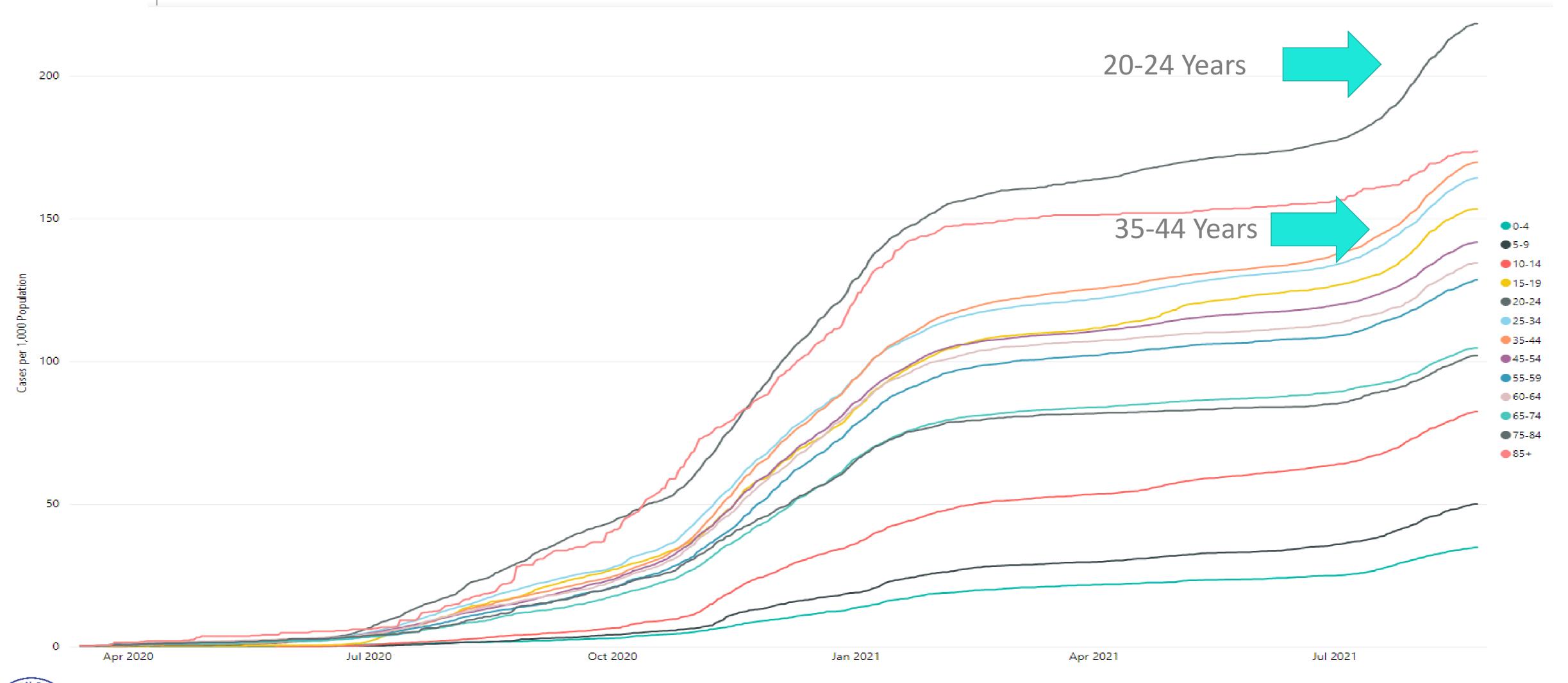




^{*}still receiving data and case reports – value incomplete.

Cumulative Case Rate Per 1,000 by Age Group

CUMULATIVE CASE RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION BY AGE GROUP, EASTERN JACKSON COUN...



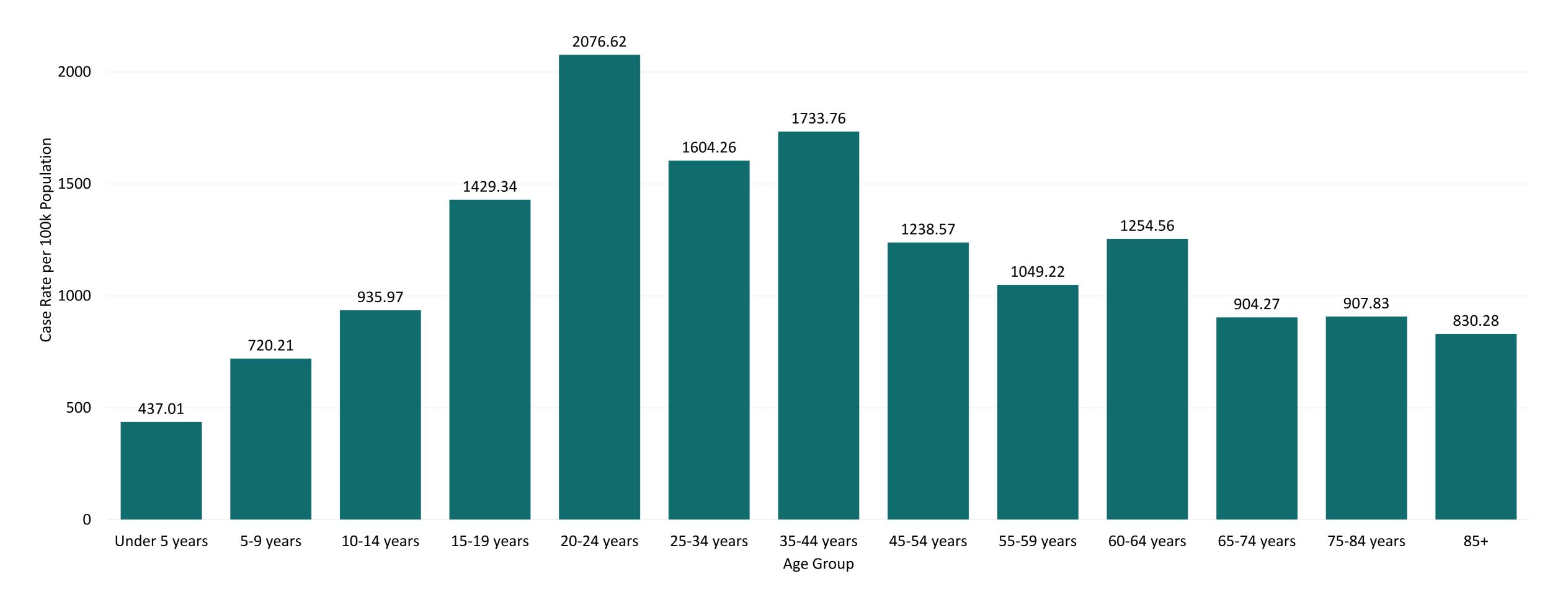




COVID-19 Case Rate by Age Group

COVID-19 Case Rate per 100k Population by Age Group, Eastern Jackson County, August, 2021

2500







VACCINATIONS

Total Vaccinated (TOTAL POP)

| % Initiated | 48.9% |
|-------------|-------|
| % Completed | 42.6% |

Total Vaccinated (ELIGIBLE)

| % Initiated | 60.1% |
|-------------|-------|
| % Completed | 52.3% |

- We are seeing a very recent uptick in people initiating the vaccination process. The largest uptick in recent vaccinations are being driven by the 10-14, 15-19, and 20-24 age groups.
- Teenagers (15-19) have overtaken adults, aged 25-34 in vaccine completion – despite the several month difference between eligibility.
- As a population, vaccination rates are inadequate – falling well short of 75-85%.

COVID-19 Vaccination Percentage Coverage by Age Group, EJC

| Age Group | Initiated Vaccir | Initiated Vaccination Series | | Completed Vaccination Series | |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|--|
| | Percentage | % Change | Percentage | % Change | |
| Under 5 years | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| 5-9 years | 0.01% | 0.01% | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| 10-14 years | 23.40% | 1.14% | 17.31% | 1.47% | |
| 15-19 years | 49.60% | 1.45% | 39.65% | 1.76% | |
| 20-24 years | 54.71% | 1.29% | 44.49% | 1.11% | |
| 25-34 years | 44.70% | 0.89% | 37.26% | 0.84% | |
| 35-44 years | 54.14% | 0.83% | 46.23% | 0.97% | |
| 45-54 years | 53.63% | 0.57% | 46.80% | 0.79% | |
| 55-59 years | 58.52% | 0.47% | 51.77% | 0.78% | |
| 60-64 years | 79.20% | 0.73% | 71.40% | 0.95% | |
| 65-74 years | 81.81% | 0.36% | 75.96% | 0.48% | |
| 75-84 years | 83.36% | 0.54% | 77.42% | 0.50% | |
| 85+ | 96.21% | 0.68% | 88.18% | 0.83% | |





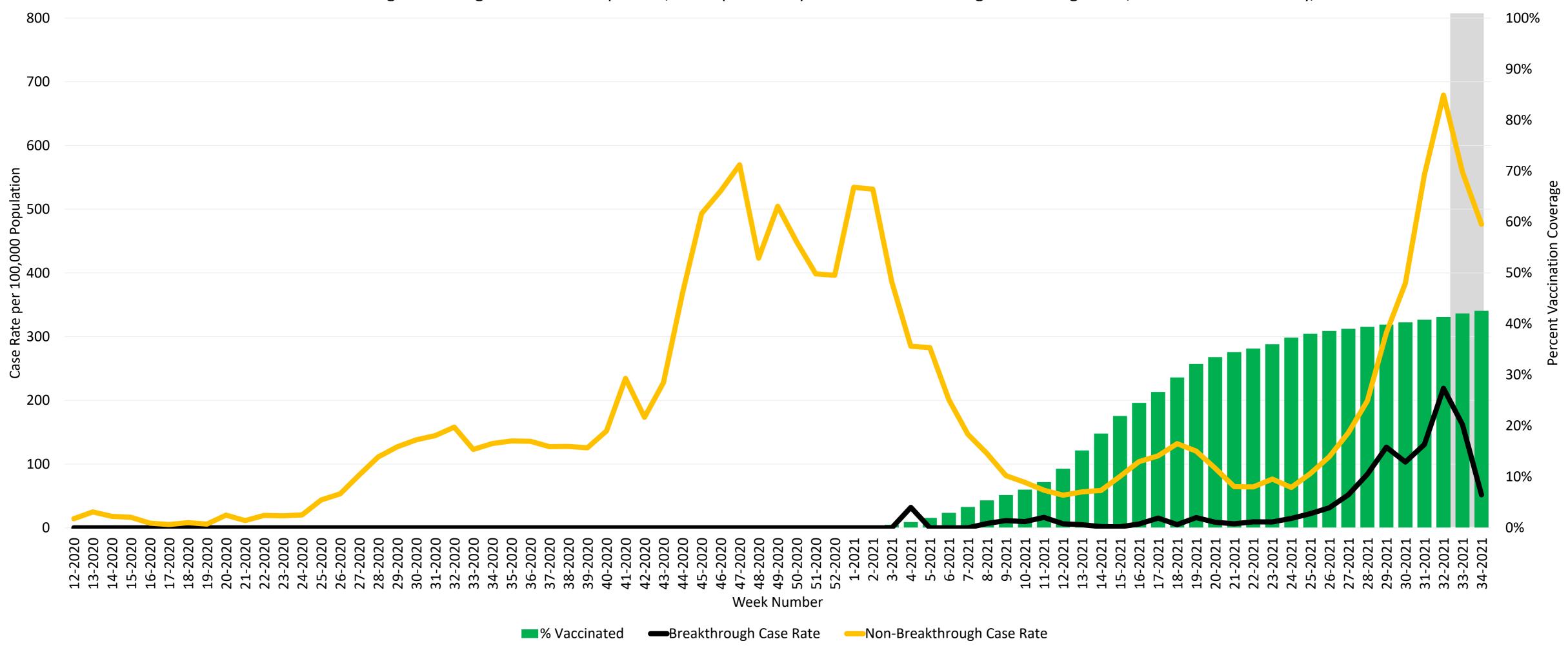




BREAKTHROUGH CASES

Data Subject to Change

COVID-19 Vaccination Coverage Percentage and Case Rate per 100,000 Population by Week and Breakthrough Case Designation, Eastern Jackson County, 2020-2021







TRANSMISSION IN KIDS

- Children and adolescents can be infected with SARS-CoV-2, can get sick with COVID-19, and can spread the virus to others.
- National surveillance data from the United Kingdom (UK) shows an association between regional COVID-19 incidence and incidence in schools. For every five additional cases per 100,000 population in regional incidence, the risk of a school outbreak increased by 72%.
- Reducing transmission of SARS-CoV-2 in the community to alleviate burden on the health care system is dependent upon limiting transmission among youth in the school setting.

"We have learned a lot in the last 18 months of this pandemic and what we have really seen from our schools is that masks have really stopped in school transmission of COVID-19."

Dr. Jennifer Schuster Pediatric Infectious Disease Specialist Children's Mercy

Accessed 8/25/2021 via KU Medical Center COVID Update - 8/17/2021

https://www.facebook.com/208729133103/videos/124064183198310

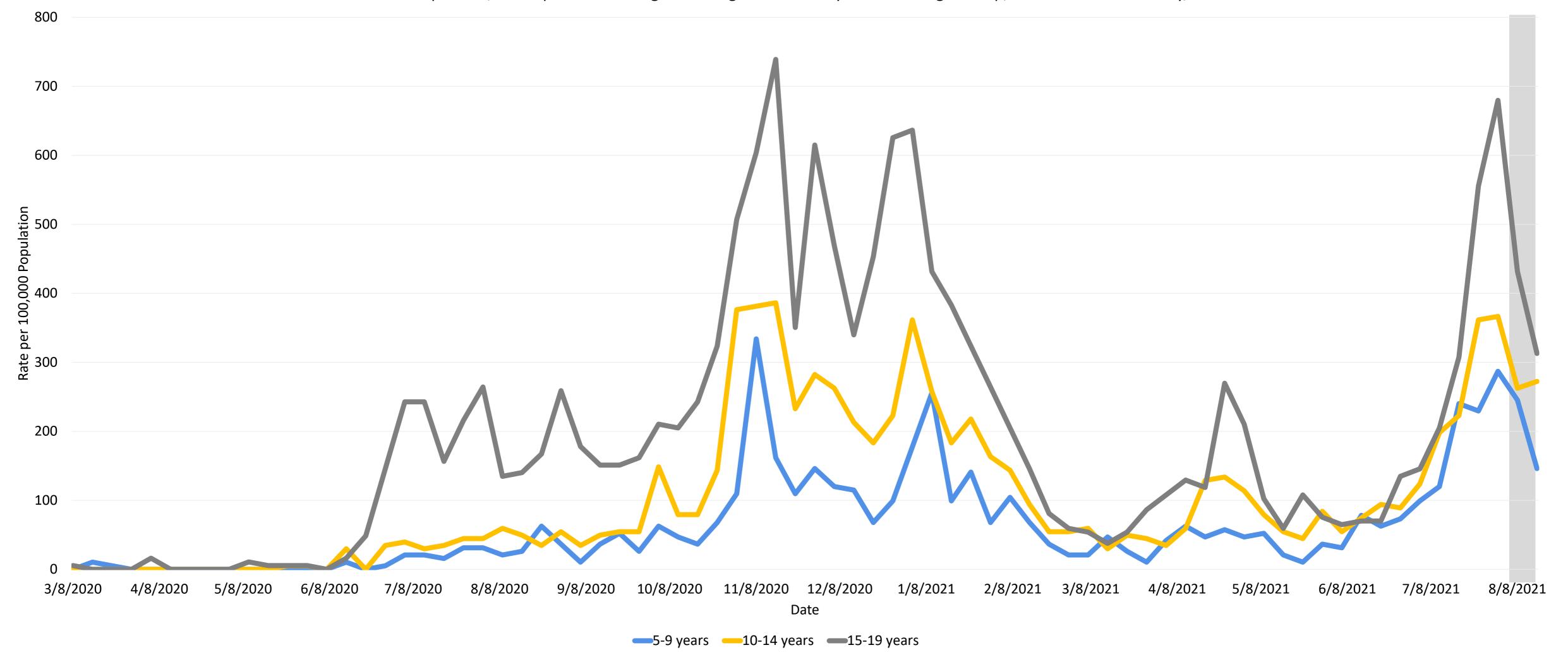




COVID-19 Case Rate Per 1,000 by Age Group

Data Subject to Change

COVID-19 Case Rate per 100,000 Population among School-Aged Children by Week and Age Group, Eastern Jackson County, 2020-2021

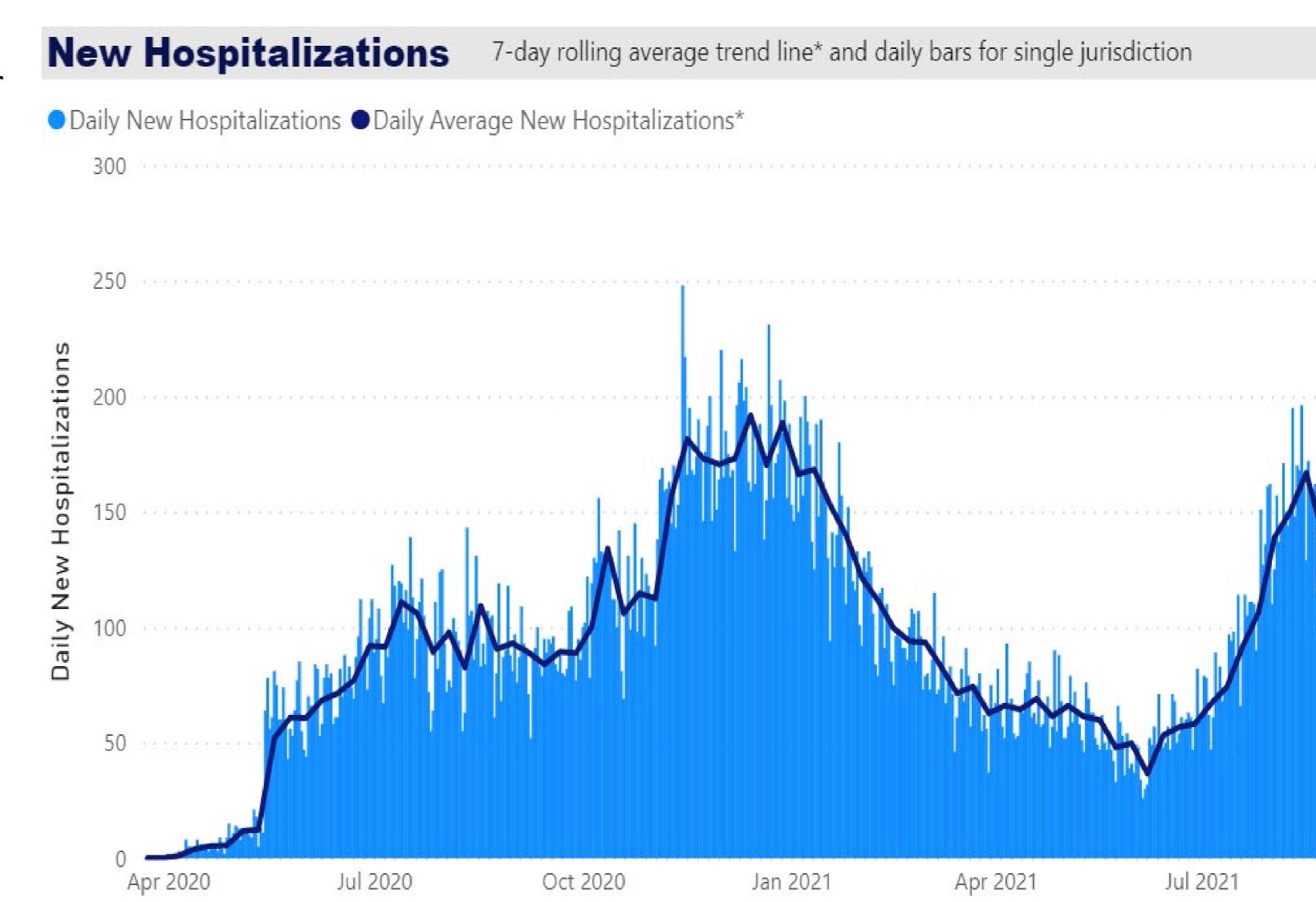






STRAIN ON THE HEALTH CARE SYSTEM

- Daily Average of New Hospitalizations for the MARC region declined slightly, from 144 daily new hospitalizations on 8/6 to 141 on 8/25.
- On 8/18, regional hospitals exceeded record ICU peak capacity that was initially experienced in November, 2020.
- Many hospitals are on high volume, including Children's Mercy.
 Demographics of hospitalized patients are trending younger than in previous waves.
- Vast majority of hospitalized cases are individuals NOT fully vaccinated.











"Kansas City is in a state of crisis. We, at the bedside of patients, whether they're suffering from coronavirus or any other injury or illness are quite literally running from one fire to the next. What's different now is that again, we are seeing younger patients, sicker patients, patients who were baseline healthy before getting coronavirus."

Dr. Andrew Schlachter
Pulmonologist
Saint Luke's Health System

Accessed 8/25/2021 via KMBC 9 News

https://www.kmbc.com/article/lees-summit-saint-lukes-east-hospital-icu-at-capacity-mostly-with-covid-19-patients/37390093





STRAIN ON THE EMS SYSTEM

- EMS crews are being required to wait longer to transfer patients to the care of emergency departments due to high hospital volume.
- EMS crews are being required to transport patients farther away from a given agency's coverage area. As distance and time increase EMS availability in their primary area of responsibility decrease.
- Eleven ambulances from FEMA have been deployed to Region A on August 7 to assist EMS in decompressing hospitals to increase capacity. As of August 25, over 200 patients have been transported by these strike teams with the furthest one being to Oklahoma.
- EMS agencies reporting a higher number of "Time Critical Diagnosis" (TCD) diversions. As a result, EMS crews are forced to travel longer distances to find an open TCD center. As these emergencies are time critical, patient outcomes are a concern.





Mitigating the Current Trend





IMPORTANCE OF MASKING

- On July 27, 2021, the CDC issued guidance recommending all individuals, regardless of vaccination status, wear masks in areas of high or substantial transmission.
- Near-universal adoption of masking when out in public, in combination with complementary public health measures, can successfully reduce community transmission.
- Masks are primarily intended to reduce the emission of virus-laden droplets ("source control"). They also offer some protection by limiting the inhalation of droplets by the wearer.
- https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/fullyvaccinated.html?s_cid=11508:should%20i%20wear%20a%20mask%20after%20vaccination:sem.ga:p:RG: GM:gen:PTN:FY21



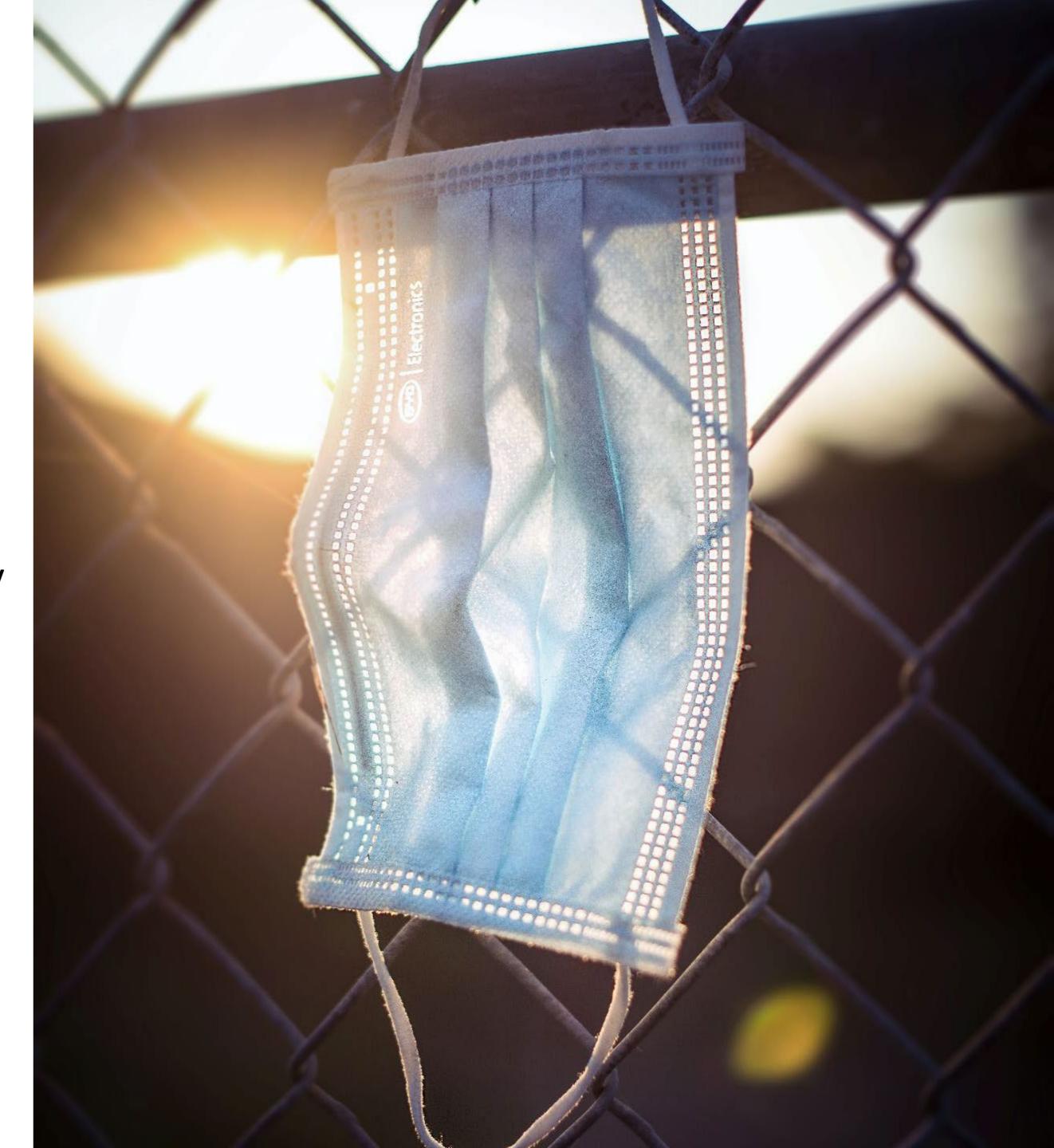
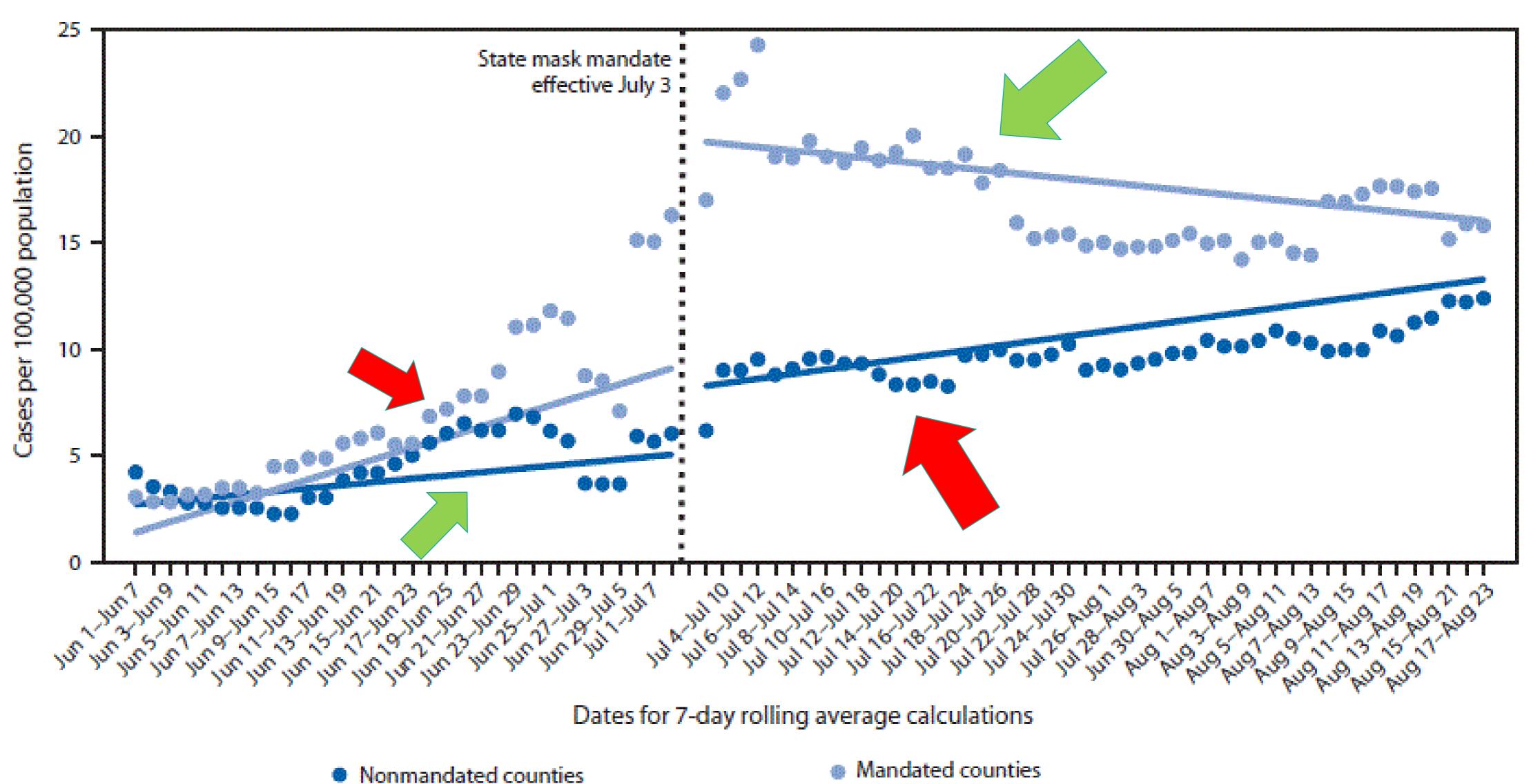


Figure. Trends in 7-day rolling average of daily COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population among mask-mandated and non-mask mandated counties before (6-1 – 7-2) and after (7-3 – 8-23) the governor's executive order requiring masks – Kansas, June 1 – August 23, 2020



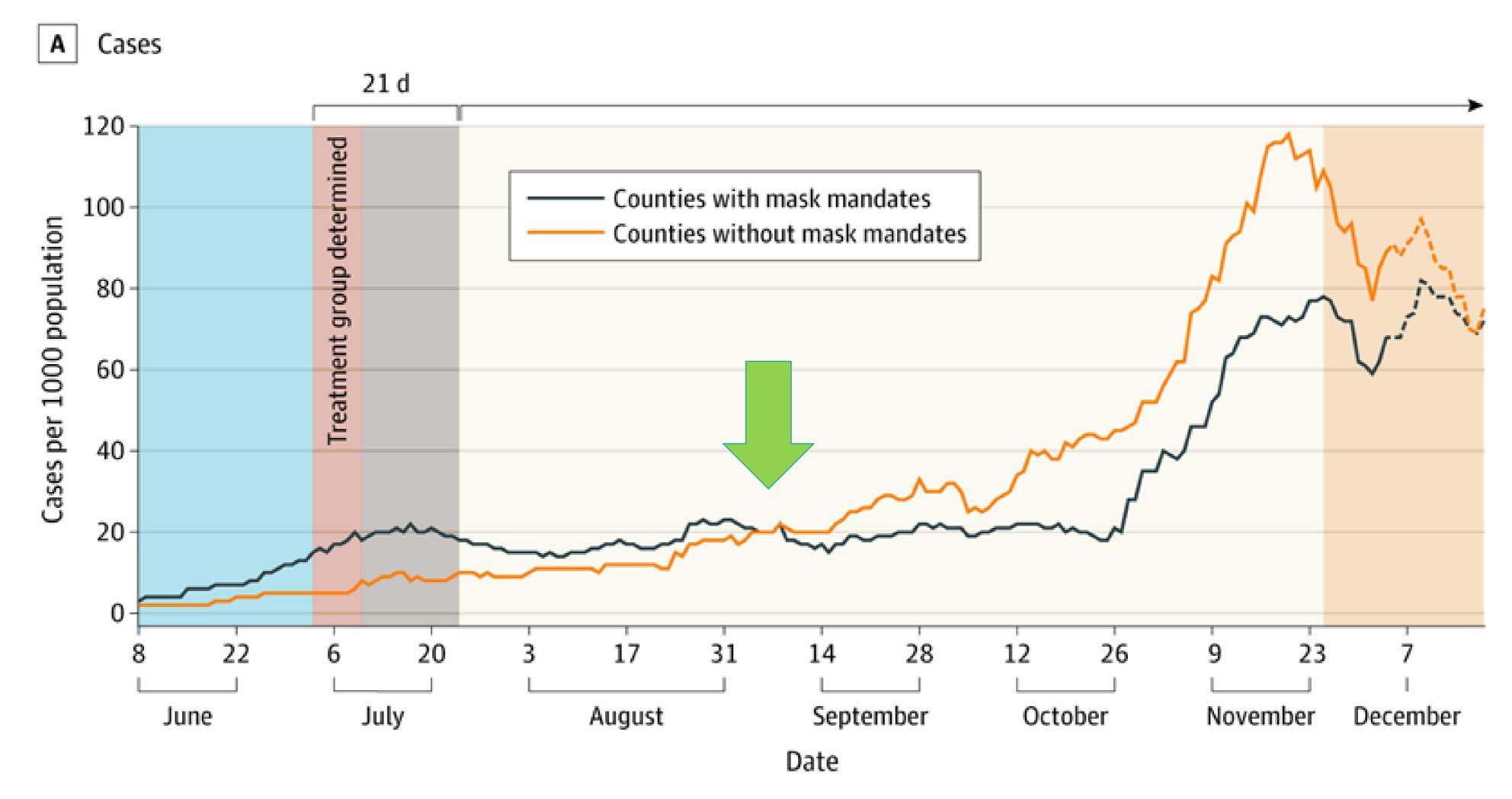
https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/69/wr/mm6947e2.htm

Nonmandated pre- and post-July 3 trend

Mandated pre- and post-July 3 trend



Figure. Seven-Day Moving Average of COVID-19 Cases, Hospitalizations, and Deaths per 100 000 Population in Mask and No Mask Counties in Kansas











Community Mitigation Strategies

"As communities adjust mitigation strategies, they should ensure that the healthcare system capacity will not be exceeded. Communities need to assure healthcare systems have adequate staffing, a surplus of inpatient and ICU beds, and critical medical equipment and supplies such as PPE."

- Vaccination
- Testing
- Contact Tracing
- Isolation & Quarantine
- Social Distancing & Gathering Limits
- Mask Wearing
- Healthy Behaviors (Hygiene)





Moving Forward & Recommendations





RECOMMENDATIONS

The Jackson County Health Department strongly supports the extension of an Order requiring masks, regardless of vaccination status, in all indoor places within Eastern Jackson County. This continued action is necessary to provide relief to local hospitals and to alter the curve of the Kansas City Metropolitan's latest COVID-19 surge.





